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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/730,772	12/08/2003	Steven C. Jepson	SMMDD-5128 REI	2213
	7590 11/30/200 LTHCARE CORPOR	EXAMINER		
1 BAXTER PARKWAY DF2-2E DEERFIELD, IL 60015			GRAY, PHILLIP A	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3767	
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			11/30/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
•	10/730,772	JEPSON ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Phillip Gray	3767				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	l. ely filed the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 October 2006</u>. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i>, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. 						
Disposition of Claims						
 4) Claim(s) 1-90 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-90 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct and the contract of the contract	epted or b) objected to by the Eddrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 2/21/2007.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite				

DETAILED ACTION

This office action is in response to communication of 10/05/2006. Currently claims 1-90 are pending and rejected below.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-6, 8-13, 15-19, 21-25, 27-45, 47-51 and 53-90 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Mayer (U.S. Patent Number 5,470,319). Mayer discloses a connector device (needleless injection site) for establishing a connection with a male Luer assembly, an assembly which includes a male luer tip (194) and annular flange (see 176/202 in figures 15,16,17), and a connector device comprising a housing (170) with an upper end opening (near 204) and a central first passageway (unnumbered but shown in figure 9 near 147 for example which fluid flows through and male luer is received), housing has a first constant diameter portion (top portion of housing in figure 15 for example), a constant diameter second portion larger then the first (lower portion of housing in figure 15 for example) and a third intermediate portions with a changing diameter (middle portion of housing in figure 15 for example). Mayer

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discloses a streatched resealable valve (28, 122, or 220 for some example), which include a first portion to seal opening and upper surface that is wipable (see figures 9) and 10), a second portion (near 84 for example) and third portion (near 139 for example), and forth and split collar collapsing member (226 for example), with an annular space between extension portion and housing (note space near 106 and 90 as example in figure 9) and second passageway (unnumbered but shown in figure 9 near 84 for example which fluid flows through and male luer is received), and an opening (147) formed in the valve that when the luer tip is inserted said first portion and second portion elastically extend and form a seal and allow fluid to be injected into the second passageway without flowing into the annular space (see figures 10 and 15-17) and some fluid remains in the second passageway when the male luer tip is removed, and a bonding agent to attach (such as sonic bonding from the disclosure or element 52/60). Concerning claims 2-5,10-12, 16-18, 22-25, 42-44, 48-50 the valve includes a septum with an annular skirt and annular channel formed by the skirt with a distal landing (see figures 3, 4, and 7). The elements disclosed in Mayer are fully capable of satisfying all structural, functional, spatial, and operational limitations in the claims, as currently written, and the rejection is made and proper.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the

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invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 7, 14, 20, 26, 46 and 52 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mayer. Mayer discloses the claimed invention except for a generally rectangular cross section in the proximate direction. It would have been an obvious matter of design choice to from the valve with a rectangular cross section in the proximate direction, since applicant has not disclosed that this cross section formation solves any stated problem or is for any particular purpose and it appears that the invention would perform equally well with a circular cross section, and in the alternative it would be within the level of ordinary skill in the art to change the circular cross section to a rectangular cross section in order to limit the flow rate by decreasing the area of the cross section, (changing from a circle to rectangle). In cases like the present, where patentability is said to be based upon particular chosen dimensions or upon another variable recited within the claims, applicant must show that the chosen dimensions are critical. As such, the claimed dimensions appear to be an obvious matter of

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engineering design choice and thus, while being a difference, does not serve in any way to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the applied prior art. *In re Woodruff*, 919 F.2d 1575, 1578, 16 USPQ2d 1934, 1936 (Fed. Cir. 1990); *In re Kuhle*, 526 F2d. 553, 555, 188 USPQ 7, 9 (CCPA 1975). Further a change in the shape of a prior art device is a design consideration within the skill of the art. <u>In re Dailey</u>, 357 F.2d 669,149 USPQ 47 (CCPA 1966)

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 1 and 9 recites the limitation "a first portion", and "said extension portion" in the description of the resealable valve. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. It is unclear from the claim which "first portion" is being referred to , and how many "extension portions" there are. The claim is unclear in "..having a third extension portion attached to one of said extension portion and a lower surface of said radial portion and extending downward, a lower end portion of said extension portion attached...".

Conclusion

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Phillip Gray whose telephone number is (571) 272-7180. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kevin Sirmons can be reached on (571) 272-4965. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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KEVIN C. SIRMONS
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER